North Carolina State Bar Rules

Chapter 1- Rules and Regulations of the North Carolina State Bar SUBCHAPTER C-Rules Governing the Board of Law Examiners and the Training of Law Students

Section .0200 Rules Governing Practical Training of Law Students

.0201 Purpose

The following rules are adopted to encourage law schools to provide their students with supervised practical training of varying kinds during the period of their formal legal education and to enable law students to obtain supervised practical training while serving as legal interns for government agencies.

.0202 Definitions

The following definitions shall apply to the terms used in this section:

- (1) Eligible persons Persons who are unable financially to pay for the legal services of an attorney, as determined by a standard established by a judge of the General Court of Justice, a legal services corporation, or a law school legal aid clinic providing representation. "Eligible persons" includes non-profit organizations serving low-income communities.
- (2) Government agencies The federal or state government, any local government, or any agency, department, unit, or other entity of federal, state, or local government, specifically including a public defenders office or a district attorney's office.
- (3) Law school An ABA accredited law school or a law school actively seeking accreditation from the ABA and licensed by the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina. If ABA accreditation is not obtained by a law school so licensed within three years of the commencement of classes, legal interns may not practice, pursuant to these rules, with any legal aid clinic of the law school.
- (4) Legal aid clinic A department, division, program, or course in a law school that operates under the supervision of an active member of the State Bar and renders legal services to eligible persons.
- (5) Legal intern A law student who is certified to provide supervised representation to clients under the provisions of the rules of this Subchapter.
- (6) Legal services corporation A nonprofit North Carolina corporation organized exclusively to provide representation to eligible persons.
- (7) Supervising attorney An active member of the North Carolina State Bar who satisfies the requirements of Rule .0205 of this Subchapter and who supervises one or more legal interns.

.0203 Eligibility

To engage in activities permitted by these rules, a law student must satisfy the following requirements:

- (1) be enrolled in a law school approved by the Council of the North Carolina State Bar;
- (2) have completed at least three semesters of the requirements for a professional degree in law (J.D. or its equivalent);
- (3) be certified in writing by a representative of his or her law school, authorized by the dean of the law school to provide such certification, as being of good character with requisite legal ability and training to perform as a legal intern;

- (4) be introduced to the court in which he or she is appearing by an attorney admitted to practice in that court;
- (5) neither ask for nor receive any compensation or remuneration of any kind from any client for whom he or she renders services, but this shall not prevent an attorney, legal services corporation, law school, or government agency from paying compensation to the law student or charging or collecting a fee for legal services performed by such law student;
- (6) certify in writing that he or she has read and is familiar with the North Carolina Revised Rules of Professional Conduct and the opinions interpretive thereof.

.0204 Certification as Legal Intern

Upon receipt of the written materials required by Rule .0203(3) and (6) and Rule .0205(6), the North Carolina State Bar shall certify that the law student may serve as a legal intern. The certification shall be subject to the following limitations:

(a) Duration.

The certification shall be effective for 18 months or until the announcement of the results of the first bar examination following the legal intern's graduation whichever is earlier. If the legal intern passes the bar examination, the certification shall remain in effect until the legal intern is sworn-in by a court and admitted to the bar.

- (b) Withdrawal of Certification. The certification shall be withdrawn by the State Bar, without hearing or a showing of cause, upon receipt of
- (1) notice from a representative of the legal intern's law school, authorized to act by the dean of the law school, that the legal intern has not graduated but is no longer enrolled;
- (2) notice from a representative of the legal intern's law school, authorized to act by the dean of the law school, that the legal intern is no longer in good standing at the law school;
- (3) notice from a supervising attorney that the supervising attorney is no longer supervising the legal intern and that no other qualified attorney has assumed the supervision of the legal intern; or
- (4) notice from a judge before whom the legal intern has appeared that the certification should be withdrawn.

.0205 Supervision

- (a) A supervising attorney shall
- (1) be an active member of the North Carolina State Bar who has practiced law as a full-time occupation for at least two years;
- (2) supervise no more than two legal interns concurrently, provided, however, there is no limit on the number of legal interns who may be supervised concurrently by an attorney who is a full-time member of a law school's faculty or staff whose primary responsibility is supervising legal interns in a legal aid clinic and, further provided, that an attorney who supervises legal interns through an externship or outplacement program of a law school legal aid clinic may supervise up to five legal interns;
- (3) assume personal professional responsibility for any work undertaken by a legal intern while under his or her supervision;
- (4) assist and counsel with a legal intern in the activities permitted by these rules and review such activities with the legal intern, all to the extent required for the proper practical training of the legal intern and the protection of the client;
- (5) read, approve and personally sign any pleadings or other papers prepared by a legal intern prior to the

filing thereof, and read and approve any documents prepared by a legal intern for execution by a client or third party prior to the execution thereof;

(6) prior to commencing the supervision, assume responsibility for supervising a legal intern by filing with the North Carolina State Bar a signed notice setting forth the period during which supervising attorney expects to supervise the activities of an identified legal intern, and that the supervising attorney will adequately supervise the legal intern

in accordance with these rules; and

(7) notify the North Carolina State Bar in writing promptly whenever the supervision of a legal intern ceases.

.0206 Activities

- (a) A properly certified legal intern may engage in the activities provided in this rule under the supervision of an attorney qualified and acting in accordance with the provisions of Rule .0205 of this subchapter.
- (b) Without the presence of the supervising attorney, a legal intern may give advice to a client, including a government agency, on legal matters provided that the legal intern gives a clear prior explanation that the legal intern is not an attorney and the supervising attorney has given the legal intern permission to render legal advice in the subject area involved.
- (c) A legal intern may represent an eligible person, the state in criminal prosecutions, a criminal defendant who is represented by the public defender, or a government agency in any proceeding before a federal, state, or local tribunal, including an administrative agency, if prior consent is obtained from the tribunal or agency upon application of the supervising attorney. Each appearance before the tribunal or agency shall be subject to any limitations imposed by the tribunal or agency including, but not limited to, the requirement that the supervising attorney physically accompany the legal intern.
- (d) In all cases under this rule in which a legal intern makes an appearance before a tribunal or agency on behalf of a client who is an individual, the legal intern shall have the written consent in advance of the client. The client shall be given a clear explanation, prior to the giving of his or her consent, that the legal intern is not an attorney. This consent shall be filed with the tribunal and made a part of the record in the case. In all cases in which a legal intern makes an appearance before a tribunal or agency on behalf a government agency, the consent of the government agency shall be presumed if the legal intern is participating in an internship program of the government agency. A statement advising the court of the legal intern's participation in an internship program of the government agency shall be filed with the tribunal and made a part of the record in the case.
- (e) In all cases under this rule in which a legal intern is permitted to make an appearance before a tribunal or agency, subject to any limitations imposed by the tribunal, the legal intern may engage in all activities appropriate to the representation of the client, including, without limitation, selection of and argument to the jury, examination and cross-examination of witnesses, motions and arguments thereon, and giving notice of appeal.